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PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 4586—*L. B.* 25-26-36, *dated 17th January* 1927.

In supersession of the rules in force on the subject and in exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 18 and 100 (2) (*b*) of the Mysore District Boards Regulation and all other powers in this behalf, the following rules for regulating the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of District Boards are made by the Government :—

1. The Deputy Commissioner shall convene on a date fixed by him a meeting of the members of the Board for the election of a President and give notice thereof to each member of the Board at least ten days before the said date.

2. The date of the meeting shall not be later than ;

(*a*) Fifteen days from the date of the commencement of the term of the Board, and

(*b*) One month from the date of intimation (*i*) by the Government of a vacancy, to the Deputy Commissioner, in the case of an election to fill up a vacancy caused by resignation or removal of the President or (ii) by the District Board in the case of a vacancy caused by the death of the President and by leave being granted to him.

3. (1) The Deputy Commissioner shall fix a date for the election of a Vice-President after intimation by the District Board of their intention to have an elected Vice-President, or to fill up an existing vacancy and give notice thereof at least ten days before the said date.

(2) The date of election shall not be later than one month from the date of the receipt of such intimation.

4. The members present shall, for the purpose of presiding at the meeting, select one from among themselves, who is not likely to be a candidate for the office of the President or the Vice-President, as the case may be.

5. Every candidate for the office of the President or Vice-President must be proposed by one and seconded by another non-official member present at the meeting.

6. The election shall be decided by eliminating one by one the name of the candidate obtaining the least number of votes at each voting until there are only two candidates left; and out of these, whoever obtains the larger number of votes shall be declared elected. Provided that;

(a) if there is only one candidate who has been duly proposed and seconded, such candidate shall be deemed to have been elected

(b) in case of an equal number of votes being cast in favour of both the candidates, a selection of one of them shall be made by lot immediately.

7. The result of the election shall be declared at the meeting immediately by the Presiding authority and communicated by him without delay to the Government through the Deputy Commissioner, along with the minutes of the proceedings of the meeting with the names of the members present.

8. The validity of the election may be contested by a petition signed by at least three members and filed before the Deputy Commissioner within seven days from the date of the election and shall allege specific grounds for setting aside the election.

9. Upon receipt of such petition, the Deputy Commissioner shall enquire personally into the validity of such objection or objections and shall upon the conclusion of the enquiry into the validity of such objection or objections submit the proceedings together with his opinion to the Government. It will thereupon be open to Government to pass orders declaring the election to be invalid and in that case a fresh election should be held by the Deputy Commissioner within one month from the date of such order.

No. L. 4589—L. B. 33-26-34, dated 17th January 1927

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Land Acquisition Regulation VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of Survey Nos. 64 and 72 of Togarsi Village, in the Shikarpur Taluk, notified for acquisition in Government Notification No. 8635—L. B. 44-14-26, dated 9th June 1926, for holding shops and jatre during the jatra of Sri Mallikarjunaswami at Togarsi, as it is now stated that the lands are not required for the purpose.

No. L. 4518—L. B. 2-26-132, dated 17th January 1927

Under section 10 (b) of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, II of 1926, Government are pleased to direct that the following Village Panchayets in the Mysore District be allowed to elect a Chairman by the Panchayetdars themselves —

Serial No.	Name of Taluk	Name of Panchayet
1	Mysore	(1) Naganahalli
		(2) Dare
		(3) Harohalli
2	Yedatore	(1) Tippur
		(2) Chandagal
		(3) Hansoge
		(4) Mirle
		(5) Bhery
3	Nagamangala	(1) Bellur
		(2) Bhimanahalli
		(3) Honnenkere
4	Seringapatam	(1) Belagola
		(2) Kodiyala
5	T.-Narsipur	(1) Kumbur
6	Krishnarajpet	(1) Askihebbal
		(2) Kikkeri
7	Mandya	(1) Koppa
8	Malvalli	(1) Kirugaval
9	Nanjangud	(1) Sathur
		(2) Beechanahal
10	Chamarajnagar	(1) Honganur
		(2) Haradanchalli
		(3) Kottalavadi
		(4) Kuderu
11	Gundlupet	(1) Terakanambi
		(2) Kadasoge
		(3) Hangala
		(4) Begur

No. L. 4636—L. B. 122-25-6, dated 17th January 1927.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore District Boards Regulation, 1926, which will come into force from 1st February 1927, Government are pleased to direct that the Presidents of the District Boards of Kolar and Hassan be elected by the District Boards concerned. This notification will have effect from 1st February 1927.

No. L. 4625—L. B. 2-26-133, dated 17th January 1927.

Under Section 10(b) of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, II of 1926, the Government are pleased to direct that the following Village Panchayets in the Bangalore District be allowed to elect a Chairman by the Panchayetdars themselves.

Name of Taluk and name of Panchayet.

1. Closepet Sub-Taluk—
   1 Harisandra
   2 Bilagumba
   3 Bommachanahally
   4 Madapura
   5 Sugganahalli
   6 Koonagal
   7 Vibhuthigere
   8 Hulikere Gunnuru
   9 Kootagal
   10 Jalamangala
   11 Kysapur
   12 Vadavatta
   13 Doddagangavadi
   14 Hosuru
   15 Heggadagere
   16 Bidadi
   17 Bannur
   18 Byramangala
2. Magadi Taluk—
   1 Harthi
   2 Kalya
   3 Sathanoor
   4 Chakrabhavi
   5 Mudabalu
2. Magadi Taluk—*concld.*
   6 Gudemaranahalli
   7 Solur
   8 Motaganahalli
   9 Thavarakere
   10 Kudur
   11 Hulikallu
   12 Narasandra
   13 Biskuru
   14 Thippasandra
   15 Sankeghatta
3. Channapatna Taluk—
   1 Kudiur
   2 Nagavara
   3 Honganur
   4 Aralalasandra
   5 Akkuru
   6 Garakahalli
   7 Singarajapura
   8 Sogala
   9 Bevur
   10 Sattihalli
   11 Chakkere
   12 Malur
   13 Malurpatna

No. L. 4652—*L. B.* 26-26-136, *dated* 19*th January* 1927.

By virtue of the power vested in them under Sub-Section (1) of Section 30 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, 1926, the Government are pleased to declare the following as offensive and dangerous trades and businesses in all the Districts of the State with the exception of the area under the authority of the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board :—

(1) Sale of meat,
(2) Salting, curing or storing fish,
(3) Boiling or storing offal, blood, bones or rags.
(4) Storing hides, horns or skins,
(5) Melting tallow or sulphur
(6) Washing or drying wool or hair,
(7) Dyeing,
(8) Brick, pottery or lime burning,
(9) Smithy,
(10) Storing cotton for trade or businesses.

No. L. 4702—*L. B.* 136-26-2, *dated* 19*th January* 1927.

Under Section 10(*b*) of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, II of 1926, the Government are pleased to direct that the following Village Panchayets in the Anekal Taluk of the Bangalore District be allowed to elect a Chairman by the Panchayetdars themselves.

NAME OF PANCHAYET.

1. Dommasandra.
2. Athibele.
3. Mayasandra.
4. Jigany.
5. Haragadde.
6. Bidarguppe.

No. L. 4739—*L. B.* 25-26-39, *dated* 20*th January* 1927.

In exercise of the powers conferred under Sections 90 and 100 (2) (q) of the Mysore District Boards Regulation and all other powers in this behalf, the following rules for regulating the recruitment, pay, leave, punishment, transfer, pensions, gratuities and other matters relating to the officers and servants of District Boards are made by the Government :—

1. Officers and servants in Government service shall ordinarily be employed by District Boards for all appointments except the menial establishments and such other appointments as may, from time to time, be exempted by the Government.

2. Appointments requiring technical or professional skill and knowledge for which officers and servants of Government are not available, shall be made of persons recommended by the Heads of Government Departments concerned who shall recommend only such candidates as possess qualifications necessary for the appointments, provided that such appointments carrying a pay of Rs. 100 and above shall not be made without the previous approval of Government.

3. The appointments under the District Boards, the authorities empowered to sanction the loan of officials and the Departments of Government from which selections have to be made by the District Boards are indicated below :—

Nature of appointments	Authority competent to sanction the loan of officials	Department from which selection has to be made
I. Appointments of a technical or professional nature.—		
(*a*) if the pay is more than Rs. 150.	Government	Government Department concerned.
(*b*) if the pay is Rs. 150 or less.	Heads of the Departments concerned.	
II. Other appointments—		
(*a*) if the pay is more than Rs. 150.	Government ...	Revenue Department.
(*b*) if the pay is Rs. 150 or less.	Revenue Commissioner ...	

4. When any official selected cannot be spared in the interests of Government service, the Board shall make another selection and the authority empowered to sanction the loan of the services of officials will, as far as possible, comply with the requisitions of the Boards.

5. The period of loan of officials to District Boards shall not generally exceed three years. At the end of the period sanctioned, the officials should either be re-transferred to the Government service or transferred to another District Board.

6. In special cases, however, it will be open to the District Boards to recommend the retention of competent men in the same office for another period or not more than three years.

7. The lending authority may withdraw lent officials within the period for which their services are lent either at the request or with the consent of the Board concerned and for reasons to be recorded.

9. When a lent official gets promotion in his Department to a pay higher than under the District Board, he will revert.

10. Lent officials may be suspended, reduced or dismissed only by the authorities competent to sanction the loan of their services; but the District Board may in cases deserving such punishments, make a recommendation to the authority concerned who will take such action in the matter as may be necessary, cases in which such authority does not consider it necessary to punish the officials being submitted for the orders of Government with his opinion.

11. District Boards may fine lent officials up to Rs. 10

12. The District Board shall be competent to punish their servants.

13. No official or servant in the service of a District Board shall be punished without being given a sufficient opportunity of being heard and an appeal will lie to Government from the orders of the Board in the case of officials whose pay is Rs. 50 or more.

14. District Boards may grant privilege or other kind of leave at the credit of a lent official for a period not exceeding four months and make temporary arrangements for carrying on the duties of the official on such leave.

15. Leave exceeding four months may be granted to a lent official only by the authority competent to sanction the loan of the services of the official and during such leave also the vacancy may be filled up as prescribed in the last preceding section.

16. Leave allowances and pensionary contributions of lent officials shall be regulated by the provisions of the Mysore Service Regulations

By Order,

B. NAGAPPA,

Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.